CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL

PROGRAM: BUSINESS/ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

1. Catalog Description of the Course. [Include the course prefix, number, full title, and units. Provide a course narrative including prerequisites and corequisites. If any of the following apply, include in the description: Repeatability (May be repeated to a maximum of ___ units); time distribution (Lecture ___ hours, laboratory ___ hours); non-traditional grading system (Graded CR/NC, ABC/NC). Follow accepted catalog format.]

ECON 310. INTERMEDIATE MICROECONOMICS (3)

Three hours per week.

Prerequisite: ECON 110, 111 and either MATH 140 or 150.

Economic analysis of the decisions of consumers and producers. Emphasis on the theory of consumer behavior, the theory of the firm, price and output determination in various market structures, factor markets and externalities.

2. Mode of Instruction.

	Units	Hours per Unit	Benchmark Enrollment
Lecture	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>20</u>
Seminar			
Laboratory			
Activity			

3. Justification and Learning Objectives for the Course. (Indicate whether required or elective, and whether it meets University Writing, and/or Language requirements) [Use as much space as necessary]

This is one of two courses which Business and ESRM students may take to fulfill an intermediate-level microeconomics requirement. This course provides the fundamental tools of modern economic analysis by delving beyond the economic mechanisms presented in introductory courses into the incentives, structures and constraints that shape economic decisions. Marginalism, the analysis of change, is an essential tool employed to derive the conditions under which the actions of consumers and producers may be considered optimal or efficient. Empirical applications highlight both the relevance of the subject matter and the variety of market structures, market types and externalities to which marginalism and economic thinking can be applied. A key element of the course is the analysis of the efficacy of markets in resource allocation. Conditions for the successful allocation of resources by the market are described. Of equal importance, those circumstances where markets fail (externalities including pollution, monopoly power, asymmetrical information, and the like) are described. Public sector solutions to these failures are analyzed. Most importantly, this course conveys the foundation of economic reasoning and provides a consistent methodology for identifying and solving economic problems.

Students who successfully complete this course will be able to:

- Identify positive and normative methods of analysis.
- Derive and interpret the optimality conditions for the constrained optimization problems faced by consumers and producers.
- Identify the key factors affecting demand and supply, and conduct comparative static analyses of changes in demand and supply conditions.
- Incorporate risk considerations as part of optimal decision-making.
- Apply fundamental economic reasoning to real-world situations, and generate logically consistent arguments regarding economic efficiency.
- Distinguish and determine the efficiency implications of various forms of market structure.
- Project the economic consequences of business decisions or policy changes from the short run to the long
- Identify circumstances where markets may fail and forecast likely outcomes of such failures.
- Analyze government solutions to market failures.

4. Is this a General Education Course

YES

NO)

If Yes, indicate GE category:

A (English Language, Communication, Critical Thinking)	
B (Mathematics & Sciences)	
C (Fine Arts, Literature, Languages & Cultures)	
D (Social Perspectives)	
E (Human Psychological and Physiological Perspectives)	

5. Course Content in Outline Form. [Be as brief as possible, but use as much space as necessary]

Introductory Concepts

The Realm of Economics and the Role of Microeconomics

Normative and Positive Analysis

Definitions of Efficiency

Demand and Supply

Definitions and Key Factors: Curves versus Functions

The Concept of Equilibrium Elasticity: Response to Change

The Theory of the Consumer Choice

Utility Maximization and Diminishing Marginal Utility

Constraints and Constrained Optimization

Income and Substitution Effects

Risk and Optimal Choice

Exchange and Efficiency

Mutually Beneficial Exchange

Non-price Rationing

The Theory of the Producer

Profit Maximization

Production and the Law of Diminishing Returns

The Costs of Production

Short Run versus Long Run

Perfect Competition

Benchmark for Efficiency: Key Assumptions

Consumer and Producer Surplus

Monopoly

Output and Pricing with Market Power Efficiency Implications: Deadweight Loss Returns to Scale and Natural Monopoly

Regulation of Monopolies

Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly

Price and Output Determinations

Efficiency Implications: The Cost of Variety

Strategic Interactions: Price Wars and Market Share

Cartels and the Incentive to Collude

Other Topics

Public Goods, Externalities and Market Failures: Applications to Resource Management

Input Market Analyses

Capital Theory: Allocating Natural and Financial Resources over Time

6. References. [Provide 3 - 5 references on which this course is based and/or support it.]

Browning, Edgar and Mark Zupan. *Microeconomics: Theory and Applications*. Wiley. 2002. Nicholson, Walter. *Intermediate Microeconomics and Its Application, 8th Edition*. Harcourt. 1999. Pindyck, Robert and Daniel Rubinfeld. *Microeconomics 5th Edition*. Prentice Hall. 2000. Varian, Hal. *Intermediate Economics: A Modern Approach, 5th Edition*. Norton. 1999.

Pro	oposer of Course Date
11.	If this new course will alter any degree, credential, certificate, or minor in your program, attach a program modification.
10.	Consultation. Attach consultation sheet from all program areas, Library, and others (if necessary)
9.	New Resources Required. None.
8.	Frequency. a. Projected semesters to be offered: Fallx Springx Summer
	Dr. Dennis Muraoka Dr. Paul Rivera Dr. Ashish Vaidya

7. List Faculty Qualified to Teach This Course.