CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL

PROGRAM AREA	P_{R}	OGR	AM	ΑR	ΕA
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1.	Catalog Description of the Course. [Include the course prefix, number, full title, and units. Provide a course narrative
	including prerequisites and corequisites. If any of the following apply, include in the description: Repeatability (May be
	repeated to a maximum of units); time distribution (Lecture hours, laboratory hours); non-traditional grading
	system (Graded CR/NC, ABC/NC). Follow accepted catalog format.]

MATH 202. Biostatistics (3)

Weekly three-hour lecture/laboratory instruction and exercise.

Prerequisite: A passing score on the Entry Level Mathematics Exam (ELM) or credit for Math 105 (or equivalent). Critical reasoning using a quantitative and statistical problem-solving approach to solve real-world problems. Uses probability and statistics to describe and analyze biological data collected from laboratory or field experiments. Course will cover descriptions of sample data, probability and empirical data distributions, sampling techniques, estimation and hypothesis testing, ANOVA, and correlation and regression analysis. Students will use standard statistical software (SPSS) to analyze real world and simulated data.

Same as BIOL 202. GenEd: A3, B3.

2. Mode of Instruction.

	Units	Hours per Unit	Benchmark Enrollment
Lecture	<u>3</u>	<u> </u>	20
Seminar			
Laboratory			
Activity			

3. Justification and Learning Objectives for the Course. (Indicate whether required or elective, and whether it meets University Writing, and/or Language requirements) [Use as much space as necessary]

This is a required course fir Biology majors because it introduces students to the type of critical reasoning used by biologists working with empirical data. Utilizing the standard quantitative and statistical problem solving approach required of biologists, students will gain experience with quantitative tools to test and advance biological theories based on empirical data. Through this course, students will be able to:

- 1. apply quantitative problem-solving skills to biological problems and issues;
- 2. select, apply and interpret descriptive statistics in an appropriate fashion;
- 3. select, apply and interpret hypothesis testing methods in an appropriate fashion;
- 4. reason both inductively and deductively with quantitative information and data;
- 5. use statistical software to conduct complex statistical analysis of real-world and simulated data; and,
- 6. write the results of a statistical study in a lab report.

4.	Is this a General Education Course	YES	NO
	If Yes, indicate GE category:		

A (English Language, Communication, Critical Thinking)	A3
B (Mathematics & Sciences)	В3
C (Fine Arts, Literature, Languages & Cultures)	
D (Social Perspectives)	
E (Human Psychological and Physiological Perspectives)	

5.	Course Content in Outline Form. [Be as brief as possible, but use as much space as necessary]
	Need for quantitative methods in science in general and biology in specific Stastical methods as ways to reason inductively and deductively in a quantitative framework Methods of graphical and numerical description Basic probability theory Normal curve methods in statistics Logic of sampling and sampliong methods Logic of hypothesis testing and experimental design Logic of estimation Basic hypothesis testing of differences: <i>t-</i> and <i>z-</i> tests Advanced hypothesis testing: ANOVA models Basic hypothesis testing of similarities: correlation and association Advanced hypothesis testing of similarities: linear regression models Reasoning about proportions: Chi-squared and other nonparametric methods and models Simple spreadsheet methods for data description and analysis Computer analysis of complex biological data using SPSS
6.	References. [Provide 3 - 5 references on which this course is based and/or support it.]
	George, D., & Mallery, P. (2002). SPSS for Windows step by step: A simple guide and reference (4 th ed.). New York: Allyn & Bacon.
	Jackson, S. L. (2003). Research methods and statistics: A critical thinking approach. Pacific Grove, CA: Thompson.
	Norman, G. R., & Streiner, D. L. (2000). Biostatistics: The bare essentials (2 nd ed.). London: B. C. Decker.
	Rosner, B. (2000). Fundamentals of biostatistics with data disk (5 th ed.). Pacific Grove, CA: Thompson.
	Westin, A. (1993). <i>A rulebook for arguments</i> (2 nd ed.). Indianapolis: Hackett. [Also available online at: http://www.hozien.com/mih/arg/rule.pdf .
7.	List Faculty Qualified to Teach This Course.
	Mathematics Faculty, Prof. Harley Baker
8.	Frequency. a. Projected semesters to be offered: Fall <u>X</u> Spring <u>X</u> Summer
9.	New Resources Required. a. Computer (data processing), audio visual, broadcasting needs, other equipment b. Library needs c. Facility/space needs
10.	Consultation. Attach consultation sheet from all program areas, Library, and others (if necessary)
11.	If this new course will alter any degree, credential, certificate, or minor in your program, attach a program modification.
 Pro	poser of Course Date